

# Subject Index

- I/f* fluctuation (*I/f* law), 56, 60, 173–4
- Adjustable parameter, xiii, 34, 68, 70, 75–6, 77, 80–1, 82, 122, 124, 127, 130, 138, 159, 160
- After effect, 57
- Aging effect, 57
- Application of CFP, 113–14
- Arata-type cathodes, 80–1, 137–41
- Artificial thermal neutrons, 28
- Atomic piles, 7
- Background neutrons, 28, 30–1, 59, 71, 172–3
- Bad Science—The Short Life and Weird Times of Cold Fusion*, 14–15
- Beryllium ray, 90, 169
- Bioscience, 21–2
- Bohr's model, 168–9
- Boundary layers, 26, 29–30
- Breeding reactions, 73–4
- Carbon (C), 40, 45
- cf-matter, 35, 44–5, 46, 51, 57–8, 70, 72, 78, 102, 106, 108–109, 111–13, 114
- CFP (Cold fusion phenomenon), as a term, 2
- Chaos, 175
- Cold fusion, as a term, 22–3
- Cold fusion phenomenon (CFP), as a term, 2
- Cold Fusion—The Scientific Fiasco of the Century*, 15
- Complexity, science of, 69, 110–11, 112, 116, 174, 175–6
- Complex processes, 176
- Continental drift theory, 17–18
- Control experiment, 5, 6, 13
- Coulomb lattice, 106, 108
- Crystal lattices, 25–6
- d-d* fusion reactions, 7–8, 10–11
- Decay time shortening, 40
- De Ninno's experiment, 13
- Department of Energy (DOE) Report, 15–17, 50, 51, 115
- Deuterated alloys, 29
- Deuterium (Deuteron), xii, xiii, 3, 5, 10, 13, 23, 27, 29, 30, 36, 46, 49, 51, 60, 73–4, 82, 98–9, 100–102, 113–14, 118  
*see also* Heavy water system
- "Deutex", 83
- Discovery, of CFP, 1
- DOE Report, 15–17, 50, 51, 115
- Electrolyte systems, 3–4, 13, 24
- Electromagnetic fields, 88–9
- Electromagnetic waves, 163–4
- Energy differences, 11
- Energy Research Advisory Board, 15
- Energy spectrum of neutrons, Jones' experiments, 12–13
- Events:  
  inverse power law, 55–7  
  number of, 31–3
- Evidence, of nuclear reactions, 28
- Excess heat, 4–5, 60, 78–9, 123–5, 132–5
- Excess heat density, 5
- Excess heat measurement, 28, 51–3
- Excited neutron states, 96–8
- Exotic nuclei, 96
- Experimental data sets:  
  Bressani et al., 158–61  
  Cellucci et al., 123–5  
  Chien et al., 127–30  
  Clarke et al., 137–41  
  Dash et al., 152–6  
  Miles et al., 132–5  
  Miley et al., 148–51  
  Okamoto et al., 143–6

- Experimental facts, and their explanation, 19–20
- Experiments:
- Bressani's, 82–3
  - confirmation by Fleischmann, 6–11
  - De Ninno's, 13–14
  - energy spectrum of neutrons, 12–13
  - first paper, 2–6
  - Jones', 12–13
  - light water, 18–19
  - Michelson–Morley, 115
  - Mills', 19, 20
- Explosion, accidental, 5
- Facts vs. truth, 19–20
- Fission threshold energy, 43–4
- Fleischmann's hypothesis, 1, 2, 7, 19–20, 49, 87, 89
- Flicker noise, 173–4
- Fractals, 174
- Free electrons, effect in metals, 85–7
- Free neutron model, 91–2
- Free space, 9, 37, 84–9, 90
- Fusion reactions, 7–8
- in solids, 9–10
- Gamma rays, 163–4
- absence of, 53
- Gas contact method, for loading, 13
- Gas (or liquid) discharge methods, 3
- Gas contact systems, 3
- Gold, 26, 111
- Heat after death, 57
- Heavy water system ( $D_2O$ ), 3, 4, 12, 24, 61–5, 133
- Helium-3, 49–50, 127–30
- Helium-4, 49–50, 60, 78–9, 127–30, 132–5, 137
- High-voltage discharge, 89
- Hydrated alloys, 29
- "Hydrex", 83
- Hydrogen isotopes:
- maximum occlusion, 23–4
  - in transition metals, 100–102
- Hypothesis:
- Fleischmann's, 1, 2, 7
  - as a term, 68, 122
- Imagination:
- role of, 169–70
- International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor (ITER) project, 7
- Inverse power law, for occurrence of events, 55–7
- Ion band state, 83
- Ion beam, 89
- Iron (Fe), 40, 45, 78
- Isotopic ratios, of generated nuclides, 46
- Jones' experiments, energy spectrum of neutrons, 12–13, 20
- Kinetic energy, 7
- Lattice nuclei, 98–100, 102–10
- Lattice oscillation, 87–8
- Light water system ( $H_2O$ ), 5–6, 18, 24, 64, 99
- Localization (of nuclear reactions), 29, 36, 50, 60, 129, 143, 152, 155
- Lorenz contraction, 115
- Metals, effect of free electrons, 85–7
- Michelson–Morley experiment, 115
- Mills' experiments, 19, 20
- Models:
- Bohr's, 168–9
  - free neutron, 91–2
  - neutron drop, 35, 36, 109–10
  - polyneutron, 83
  - Sandpile, 174
  - as a term, 68, 122
  - TNCF *see* TNCF (trapped neutron catalyzed fusion) model
  - usefulness of, 68–9
- Molten salt, 31
- Molybdenum (Mo), 99–100
- National Cold Fusion Institute, 14
- Neutron, xi, xiv, 2, 4, 12–13, 15–16, 20, 27, 34, 38–9, 41, 48–9, 70–1, 73, 75, 84, 90–8, 108
- background *see* Background neutrons
- Neutron affinity, 100
- Neutron bands, 94–5
- Neutron drop model, 35, 36–7, 70, 73, 77, 102, 109–10
- Neutron drops, 106–10
- Neutron energy spectrum, 60, 82–3
- Bressani's experiments, 82–3
  - Jones' experiments, 12–13
- Neutron halo, 96

- Neutron Moessbauer effect, 95
- Neutron valence band, 105
- Neutron-proton interaction, 102-103
- Nickel (Ni), 19, 26, 48, 64, 82, 98, 113, 148
- NT (nuclear transmutation) *see* Nuclear transmutation (NT)
- Nuclear chemistry, 35
- Nuclear energy, 7
- Nuclear fission, 7
- Nuclear fusion, 7
- Nuclear reactions:  
evidence of, 28  
in free space, 84-5  
in solids, 84-9  
and TNCF model, 72-5
- Nuclear transmutation (NT):  
by absorption, 40-1  
by decay, 38-40  
by fission, 41-4  
general, 35-8  
isotopic ratios, 46  
stability effect, 54-5, 78  
by transformation, 44-5
- Nuclei, stability of, 7
- Nucleons, 37, 95-6
- Number of reactions ( $N_r$ ), 31-3, 59, 75-7
- Observable quantities ( $x$ ), 31-3, 76-7
- Occluded hydrogen isotopes:  
conditions, 23-4  
interactions with lattice nuclei, 102-10
- Occlusion, of hydrogen isotopes, 3-4
- Optical theorem, 83-4
- Palladium (Pd), 3, 26, 29, 38, 52, 56, 61, 79-81, 113, 123, 127, 132, 137, 143, 152, 158, 170
- Palladium cathodes, 4, 25
- Palladium deuteride, 26
- Phonons, 87-8
- Photons, 87-8
- Planck's formula, 168
- Plate tectonics, 18
- Platinum, 26, 111
- Polonium, 165
- Potassium dideuteriumphosphate, 31
- Protium (Proton), xi, xiii, 6, 8, 10, 25, 27, 29, 32, 36, 47, 49-50, 60, 73-4, 99, 100-102, 117-18, 140  
control experiment, 6
- Mills' experiments, 19, 20  
*see also* Light water system
- Proton conductors, 27, 31
- QED (Quantum Electromagnetic Dynamics), 87
- Qualitative reproducibility, 5, 8, 42, 51, 58, 59-60, 112, 113, 118, 125
- Quantitative reproducibility, xii, 8, 118, 135
- Quantum electrodynamic coherence, 83
- Quantum Electromagnetic Dynamics (QED), 87
- Quantum mechanics, 83
- Radial distribution function, 84
- Radioactivity, 164-5
- Radium, 165-7
- Rayleigh-Jeans formula, 167
- Reductionism, 69, 110-11
- Reproducibility, 5-6, 8, 58, 113
- Resonance penetration theory, 83
- Sample preparation, 3
- Sandpile model, 174
- Simple systems, 175-6
- Solid lattices, 83
- Solids, effects of electromagnetic fields, 88-9
- Sporadicity (Sporadic), 58
- Stability effect, 59, 78  
in nuclear transmutation (NT), 54-5
- Stability, of nuclei, 7
- Stainless steel, 31, 99
- Statistical reproducibility, 8, 113
- Stochastic (process), 42, 59, 77, 113, 118, 125, 135
- Super-nuclear interaction, 99, 102-103, 104-105, 109, 111
- Surface layers, 26, 29-30
- Technology, 113
- Theory, as a term, 68, 121
- Tight binding, localized neutron approximation, 93-4
- Titanium (Ti), 12, 13, 26, 64, 113, 152, 158
- TNCF (trapped neutron catalyzed fusion) model, xiii-xiv, 33-4, 39, 48, 50, 55, 60-4, 69-72, 76-7, 108, 123-5  
breeding reactions, 73-4  
density, 34  
explanation of CFP, 76-84  
Miles et al. data sets, 132-5  
NT analysis, 36  
premises, 69-72, 116

- TNCF (trapped neutron catalyzed fusion)  
  model (*Continued*)  
  reactions relevant to observables, 75  
  trigger reactions, 72-3
- Transition metal hydrides and deuterides, 3,  
  25-31, 101, 102-10, 111, 170-1
- Transition metals, hydrogen isotopes in,  
  100-102
- Trigger reactions, 72-3
- Triglycine sulfate, 31
- Tritium (Triton), xi, 8, 10, 32-3, 34, 46-7, 50,  
  60, 73, 75, 118, 127-30, 132-3
- Tungsten bronze, 31
- Unified quantum theory, 83
- Wave nature, of neutrons, 90-1
- Wien's formula, 168
- X-rays, 163-5